				Introduced by: Requested by:	Borough Manager Finance Director
1				Drafted by:	Revenue Accountant
2				Introduced:	04/16/2015
3				Public Hearing: Amended:	05/07/2015 05/07/2015
4				Amended	05/21/2015
5				Public Hearing:	06/04/2015
6				Adopted:	06/04/2015
7		KOD	DIAK ISLAND B	OROUGH	
8		ORD	DINANCE NO. F	FY2015-10	
9					
10	A	N ORDINANCE OF T	THE ASSEMBL	Y OF THE KOD	AK ISLAND
11	BOROUGH AMENDING VARIOUS SECTIONS IN TITLE 3 REVENUE				
12	AI	ND FINANCE CHAPTI	ER 3.35 <i>REAL</i> I	PROPERTY TAX	
13					
14	-	=			property pursuant to
15	borough code and state statute, and this ordinance will align this section of borough code				
16	with the state	e; and			
17					
18	WHEREAS,	it would clarify the	e definition of r	mobile home and	the responsibility of
19	persons subj	ject to taxation; and			
20					
21	WHEREAS,	it would assign the	identity of the	party responsible	for annual ownership
22	updates of m	nobile homes residing of	on rented prope	rty; and	
23		2			
24	WHEREAS,	it would clarify the	Judicial District	to which Board of	Equalization appeals
25	are to be ma	de; and			
26					
27	WHEREAS,	it would clarify the	e delivery requi	rements for timel	y and delinquent tax
28	payments; a	nd			
29					
30	WHEREAS,	it would repeal fore	eclosure codes	in favor of establ	ishing the foreclosure
31	process as d	lefined by Alaska State	e Statutes.		
32					
33		•	AINED BY THE	ASSEMBLY OF T	HE KODIAK ISLAND
34	BOROUGH	that:			
35					
36	Section 1:		-	•	e and shall become a
37		part of the Kodiak Is	sland Borough C	ode of Ordinances	5.
38					
39	Section 2:				and Finance, Chapter
40		3.35 Real Property	Tax, is hereby a	mended as follows	S:
41					
42			CHAPTER 3		
43		R	EAL PROPERT	TAX	
44	Sections:				
45	3.35.010	State law adopted	NO CHANGE	S	
46	3.35.020	Property subject to t			
47	3.35.030	Real and personal p	property exempt	ed from taxation	NO CHANGES

		3.35.040	Method of assessment.	
4	9	3.35.050	Board of equalization.	
		3.35.060	Final and supplemental assessment rolls. NO CHANGES	
5	51	3.35.070	Addresses – Responsibility of persons subject to taxation.	
5	52	3.35.080	Repealed. NO CHANGES	
5	3	3.35.085	Method of determining the assessed value of property that qualifies for a	
5	i4		low-income housing tax credit under 26 USC 42. NO CHANGES	
5	5	3.35.090	Property tax billing.	
5	6	3.35.100	Correction of errors.	
5	7	3.35.110	City taxes. NO CHANGES	
5	8	3.35.120	Tax due dates and delinquency.	
5	9	3.35.130	Exceptions. NO CHANGES	
6	i0	3.35.140	Late payments – Penalty and interest.	
6	51	3.35.150	Enforcement of tax liens on real property.	
6	52	3.35.160	Proparation of the foreclosure list. Foreclosure.	
6	3	3.35.170	Publication of the foreclosure list.	
6	4	3.35.180	Notice of foreclosure proceeding.	
6	5	3.35.190	Clearing delinquencies before sale.	
6	6	3.35.200	Notice of foreclosure list to lien holder.	
6	7	3.35.210	Apportionment of costs.	
6	8	3.35.220	Enforcement by personal action.	
6	9	3.35.230	Foreclosure proceedings.	
7	0	3.35.240	Effect of redemption.	ſ
7	1	3.35.250	Notice of expiration of redemption.	
7	2	3.35.260	Deed to borough	, l
7	3			
7	4	Section 3:	Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter	
7	5		3.35.020 Property subject to tax is hereby amended as follows:	
7	6			
7			operty subject to tax	
7	8	A. All real a	and personal property situated within the borough that is not exempt under the	
7	9	laws of the S	State of Alaska, the Alaska Constitution, or the ordinances of this borough, is	
		subject to tax	xation at a rate not to exceed three percent of its full and true value in money	
		as assessed	on the first day of January of the assessment year.	
	2	1. Th	ere is no limitation on taxes to pay bonds.	
		B. A private	e leasehold, contract, preferential use agreement, or other interest in any real	
			property that is exempt from taxation pursuant to state or federal law, or for	
		any other rea	ason, remains taxable to the extent of the private interest. (AS 29.45.030(A)).	(
	-		lowing definitions shall apply to this section unless otherwise expressly	
		indicated:		
	8		ersonal property" includes all property, whether corporeal or incorporeal, that	
	9		not specifically included in this section's definition of "real property," and	
	0		cludes mobile homes, trailers, house trailers, trailer coaches, and camper	ſ
	1		ilers, so long as they are not attached to the land or connected to water, gas,	
9	2	ele	ectric, or sewage facilities, and are not registered with the State of Alaska	l

93 Department of Motor Vehicles as rolling stock.

2. "Real property" includes not only the land itself, whether laid out in lots or otherwise, but also all buildings, structures, improvements, fixtures of any kind thereon, and also any possessory rights and privileges belonging to or in any way appertaining thereto. The word "tract" includes all lands, pieces, or parcels of land which may be separately assessed, together with fixtures and improvements thereon. "Real property" also includes mobile homes, trailers, house trailers, double-wide-type mobile or modular homes, trailer coaches and similar property, which are used or intended to be used for residential, office, or commercial purposes, and are attached to the land or connected to water, gas, electric, or sewage facilities, except for those mobile homes and house trailers which are held for sale by persons engaged in the business of selling mobile homes. [Ord. FY2014-10 §3, 2014; Ord. 84-16-O §1, 1984; prior code Ch. 3 subch. 1 §2. Formerly §3.20.020].

3. "Mobile homes," more specifically classified as "manufactured housing" are all forms of prefabricated housing that is largely assembled in factories and then transported to sites of use. The definition of the term in the United States is regulated by federal law (Code of Federal Regulations, 24 CFR 3280), paraphrased here: Manufactured homes are built as dwelling units of at least 320 square feet (30 m<sup>2</sup>) in size with a permanent chassis to assure the initial and continued transportability of the home. The requirement to have a wheeled chassis permanently attached differentiates "manufactured housing" from other types of prefabricated homes, such as modular homes. For purposes of this code a mobile home or manufactured home is a dwelling structure built on a steel chassis and fitted with wheels that is intended to be hauled to a usually permanent site.

120Section 4:Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter1213.35.040 Method of assessment is hereby amended as follows:

## 123 3.35.040 Method of assessment

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112 113

114

115

116

117

118

119

122

A. All taxable property must be assessed at its full and true value as of the first day of January of the assessment year. The full and true value is the estimated price that the property would bring in an open market sale between a willing seller and a willing buyer both conversant with the property, under the then-prevailing market conditions and with prevailing general price levels. The assessor shall strive to make all assessments fair and equitable. Taxable interests in otherwise non-taxable property, both real and personal, shall be taxed based on the lessee's possessory interest in the property.

131 Real property shall be assessed to the owner of record as shown on the 1. 132 records of the Kodiak district recorder; provided, however, that any other person 133 having an interest in the property may be listed on the assessment records with 134 the owner. The person in whose name any property is listed as owner thereof 135 shall be conclusively presumed to be the legal owner of record for tax purposes. 136 If the owner of the land is unknown, such land may be assessed to the unknown 137 owner or unknown owners. No assessment shall be invalidated by a mistake, 138 omission or error in the matter of the owner of real property assessed, if the 139 property is correctly described, and it shall be the responsibility of the owners of 140the property to keep the assessor properly informed as to their current address141and no assessment shall be invalidated on the basis of improper notice if it is142shown that the notice of value has been sent to the last known address of the143owner of record.

- Personal property shall be assessed to the last reported owner of record as contained in borough records. No assessment shall be invalidated by a mistake or omission or error regarding ownership of personal property. It is the responsibility of the owners of personal property to keep the assessor properly informed as to the current status of their business, whether active or inactive and their current mailing address.
- On or before February 1st of each year, the owners of mobile home parks 150 3. 151 or other properties upon which are situated one or more mobile homes 152 that do not belong to the owner of the underlying land, shall submit to the 153 borough assessor a report that, to the best of their knowledge, identifies 154 the owner of record for each mobile home located on their property, as 155 well as the mailing addresses and other contact information for those 156 owners. If this information is not received by the assessor by February 1, 157 all mobile homes, structures and fixtures situated on the land shall be assessed to the land owner unless the borough otherwise confirms 158 159 ownership by another owner of record.
- 160 The assessor may list real property located in any subdivision by lot and block 3.4. 161 or tract description, and unsubdivided property according to the land office, 162 section and township survey description, or by giving the boundaries thereof, or 163 by reference to the book and page of the records of the Kodiak district recorder 164 where the description may be found, or by designation of tax lot number 165 referring to a public record kept by the assessor of descriptions of real property, or in such other manner as to cause the description to be capable of being 166 167 made certain. Initial letter, abbreviations, fractions and exponents to designate the township, range, section or part of a section, or the number of any lot or 168 169 block or part thereof, or any distance, course, bearing, or direction may be 170 employed in any such description of real property.
- 171 4. 5. A private interest in public property is taxable. When any real or personal 172 property which would otherwise be exempt from taxation because of ownership 173 or control by a federal, state, or municipal government, or by some other tax 174 exempt entity is leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to and used by a 175 private person, such person's interest therein shall be taxed in the same manner 176 as taxes assessed to owners of real property, except that taxes assessed under 177 this subsection shall be a lien only on the interest in the property of such person. 178 Private leaseholds, contracts or other interest in land, or property owned or held 179 by the United States, the state, or other political subdivisions and other tax 180 exempt entities shall be taxable to the extent of the value of the possessory 181 interest.
- 1825. 6.The assessor, either personally, or through any designated assistant, shall, after183identifying themselves, have the right to enter upon and inspect the premises of184any person at reasonable times for the purpose of making an examination,185evaluation or assessment of the real property. The assessor or the assessor's

agent shall have access to and may examine all property records relevant to its valuation, including but not limited to income and expense statements, rent rolls, leases, pertinent income tax forms, and sale closing documents. Any person shall, upon request, furnish to the assessor or designated assistant every facility and assistance for the purpose of such examination, evaluation, or assessment.

6.7. The borough shall keep confidential all proprietary records received by the assessor's office, for which there exists a reasonable expectation of confidentiality. Such records may include tax returns, rent rolls, income and expense statements, sales and finance information, and other financial information that is not readily accessible by some other means.

B. Contents of Assessment Roll. The assessor shall complete the listing of the annual
assessment roll of all real and personal property within the corporate limits of the borough
before the last day of February of that assessment year. The assessor shall prepare an
annual assessment roll upon which shall be entered the following particulars:

 The names and last known addresses of all persons with property liable to assessment and taxation;

2. A description of all taxable property; and

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194

195

200

201

202

203

225

226

227

228

- 3. The assessed value of all taxable property.
- 204 C. Notice, Publication, and Correction of Assessment Roll.
- 205 The assessor shall give to every person named in the assessment roll a notice 1. 206 of assessment showing the assessed value of his property. On the assessment 207 notice shall be printed a brief summary of the information for the taxpayer; of the 208 dates when the taxes are payable, delinguent and subject to interest and 209 penalty; final dates for appeal of the assessment to the board of equalization; 210 dates when the board will sit for equalization purposes; and any other particulars 211 specified by the borough assembly. The assessment notice shall be directed to 212 the person to whom it is to be given and shall be sufficiently given if it is mailed 213 by first-class mail addressed to, or is delivered at, his address as last known by 214 the assessor. If the address is not known to the assessor, the notice may be 215 addressed to the person at the post office nearest to the place where the 216 property is situated. The date on which the notice is mailed shall be deemed to 217 be the date on which the notice is given for purposes of this chapter.
- 218 2. When valuation notices have been mailed, the assessor shall cause notice that 219 the assessment rolls have been completed to be published in a newspaper of 220 general circulation, published in the borough at least once each week for two 221 successive weeks. If no newspaper of general circulation is published in the 222 borough, the assessor shall have the notice posted at two public places for a 223 period of two weeks. The notice shall state when and where the equalization 224 hearings will be held.
  - 3. The assessor may correct an error or supply an omission in the assessment roll at any time before the sitting of the board of equalization. It shall be the duty of every person who receives a notice of assessment to advise the borough assessor of any error or omission in the assessment of the person's property, so that the borough assessor may correct any errors in the assessment roll.

230 Period of Review. The borough assessor or designees may perform reviews of 4. 231 assessed values within 30 days of the date that assessment notices have been 232 mailed. 233 a. A property owner may appeal an assessment of their property to the 234 assessor or designees and upon providing credible information or 235 upon a more in depth inspection and analysis of the property at the 236 owner's request the assessor may adjust the assessment 237 appropriately if found to be in error. 238 b. The property owner may appeal the assessor's valuation to the board 239 of equalization, using forms provided by the borough, within the 240 original 30-day time frame from the mailing of the original notice. The 241 assessor review will not suspend or delay the final date of written 242 appeal to the board of equalization. [Ord. FY2014-10 §5, 2014; Ord. 243 82-33-O, 1982; Ord. 81-47-O, 1981; Ord. 71-4-O, 1971; prior code 244 Ch. 3 subch. 1 §4A. Formerly §3.20.040]. 245 246 Section 5: Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter 247 3.35.050 Board of equalization is hereby amended as follows: 248 249 3.35.050 Board of equalization 250 Membership, Qualification, Duties, Terms. Α. 251 1. Members. The board of equalization shall be composed of five persons, not 252 assembly members, appointed by the assembly. At least one alternate member 253 shall be appointed. 254 2. Qualifications. Members and alternate members should be appointed on the 255 basis of their expertise in real and personal property appraisal, the real estate 256 market, the personal property market, and other fields related to their functions 257 as board members. Each member shall be a qualified voter of the borough and 258 shall remain a resident of the borough while in office. Borough employees may 259 be appointed to serve on the board of equalization unless they are employed by 260 the finance or assessing departments. 261 Duties. The board may determine equalizations on properties brought before the 3. 262 board by appellants. It shall only hear appeals for relief from an alleged error in 263 valuation on properties before the board by an appellant. 264 4. Terms of Office. Upon confirmation, members and alternate members shall 265 serve for three years or until their successors are appointed and confirmed. Of 266 the members initially appointed, two shall serve three-year terms, two shall 267 serve two-year terms, and one shall serve a one-year term. 268 5. Hearing Dates. The board shall commence hearings on the first Monday in May. 269 unless otherwise changed by resolution. Hearings will continue from day to day 270 as established by the board and the borough clerk until all properly filed appeals 271 have been heard. 272 Β. Chairperson. The board annually shall elect a member to serve as its chairperson. 273 The chairperson may call meetings of the board, shall exercise such control over 274 meetings as to ensure the fair and orderly resolution of appeals, shall make rulings 275 on the admissibility of evidence, and shall conduct the proceedings of the board in

conformity with this chapter. A vice-chairperson shall also be selected to serve in the
 chairperson's absence. If both are absent, the members present shall select a
 person to preside.

279 C. Appeals to the Board.

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300

301

302

303

304

305

306

307

308

309

310

311

312

313

314

315

316

- 280 1. A person whose name appears on the assessment roll, or the authorized 281 representative of that person, may appeal to the board for relief for an alleged 282 error in valuation not adjusted by the assessor to the taxpayer's satisfaction. 283 The authorized representative shall be named by the property owner in writing 284 to the assessor and board of equalization at the time of filing or no later than 285 three days in advance of hearing. The time requirement for providing a 286 representative in writing may be waived at the determination of the board during 287 the hearing if good cause is shown that may include, but not limited to, the 288 following: stranded from Kodiak due to inclement weather, serious medical 289 condition, serious family emergency, or death in the family.
  - 2. The appellant shall, within 30 calendar days after the date of mailing of notice of assessment, submit to the assessor a written appeal specifying grounds for such appeal. The board shall prescribe the form in which written notices of appeal shall be made. Otherwise, the right of appeal ceases unless the board of equalization finds that the taxpayer was unable to comply within the 30-day appeal period and grants a hearing to the appellant.
    - 3. The assessor shall notify the appellant by mail, and email if provided, of the time and place for the hearing and assign a docket number of appeal.
    - 4. If parties to whom notice was mailed as provided herein fail to appear, the board may proceed with the hearing in their absence. All parties, their authorized representatives, and witnesses must appear in person at the hearing.
  - 5. The assessor shall prepare for use by the board of equalization a summary of assessment data relating to each assessment that is appealed. This summary shall be provided to the board and made available to the appellant at least 10 calendar days before the hearing. Summary of assessment data for late-filed appeals granted by the board will be provided as soon as practicable.
    - 6. A city in the borough may appeal an assessment to the borough board of equalization in the same manner as a taxpayer. Within five days after receipt of the appeal, the assessor shall notify the person whose property assessment is being appealed by the city.
    - 7. A property owner who seeks to appeal the assessor's valuation, after the 30-day filing period has closed, shall file a letter with the assessor stating the reasons why the property owner was unable to comply with the 30-day appeal period. The deadline to file a late-file request is on April 15th of the current assessment year. Should April 15th fall on a Saturday or Sunday, late filers shall have until 4:30 p.m. on the first Monday following to file their request.

317On the next business day following the deadline to file a late-file request or as318soon as is practicable, the board shall consider each letter and shall only319consider reasons the appellant was unable to comply with the 30-day appeal320period. It shall not consider evidence regarding property valuation. The appellant321may not make an oral presentation at the hearing. The determination shall be

based on the letter and supporting documents. The board shall interpret the term "unable to comply" as meaning that a property owner must demonstrate compelling reasons or circumstances which would prevent a reasonable person under the circumstances from filing an appeal in a timely manner during the 30day appeal period.

If the late-file request is granted, the property owner shall have five calendar days from the decision of the board to file an appeal and submit to the assessor's office all documentary evidence in their possession which they wish to be considered and which is relevant to the resolution of the appeal. If the latefile request is denied, the assessor shall notify the property owner of the board's decision in writing.

334 D. Quorum and Voting.

327

- 1. Quorum. A quorum shall consist of four members.
- Voting. The granting of any appeal or part thereof shall require the concurring
  vote of at least three board members. Any appeal or part thereof which is not
  granted by the board shall be considered denied.
- 339 E. Hearings, Procedures.
- 3401.Record. The clerk is the ex officio clerk of the board and shall prepare the<br/>board's minutes. The clerk shall keep electronic recordings of the board's<br/>hearings per the borough retention schedule. The board of equalization<br/>summary certification will constitute the board's minutes.
- 3442.Counsel. All parties may be represented by counsel during hearings before the<br/>board. On procedural matters, the borough attorney may offer legal counsel to<br/>the board in the course of its proceedings. Upon the recommendation of the<br/>borough attorney, the board may retain legal counsel from another attorney for a<br/>particular matter.
- 349
  350
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
  351
- 352 Burden of Proof. The burden of proof rests with the appellant, who must 4. 353 convince the board by clear and convincing evidence that the assessment was 354 unequal, excessive, improper, or undervalued based on the facts stated in a 355 written appeal or proven at the appeal hearing in accordance with subsections 356 (E)(5) and (7) of this section. If the valuation is found to be too low, the board 357 may raise the assessment. The borough shall make available to the appellant all 358 reasonably pertinent documents requested for presentation of the appeal, 359 including but not limited to documents presented or requested by the board of 360 equalization for presentation of the appeal in accordance with subsection (C)(5) 361 of this section.
- 3625.Rules of Evidence. Evidence shall only be presented by the appellant and the363assessor or their authorized representative. The board shall not be restricted by364the formal rules of evidence; however, the chairperson may exclude evidence365irrelevant to the issues appealed. Hearsay evidence may be considered,366provided there are adequate guarantees of its trustworthiness and that it is more367probative on the point for which it is offered than any other evidence which the

proponent can procure by reasonable efforts. The appellant must submit to the assessor's office by April 15th all documentary evidence in their possession which they wish to be considered and which is relevant to the resolution of the appeal. Should April 15th fall on a Saturday or Sunday, appellants shall have until 4:30 p.m. on the first Monday following to submit their evidence.

This evidence includes but is not limited to purchase and closing documents, appraisal reports, brokers' opinion of value, engineers' reports, estimates to re`pair, rent rolls, leases, and income and expense information. The board of equalization may in its discretion decline to accept documents offered at the hearing which should have been provided by April 15th. In exercising this discretion, the board shall consider the relevance and probative value of the documents which are under consideration, accepting those documents which in all fairness are necessary to a fair resolution of the appeal. Prior to the board meeting, the appellant and assessor may agree to an extension of time for the production of evidence.

384 6. Order of Presentation. The order of presentation is as follows:

- a. The appellant shall present evidence and argument not to exceed five minutes.
- b. Following the appellant, the assessor shall present the borough's evidence and argument not to exceed five minutes.
- c. The appellant may make a rebuttal presentation directed solely to the issues raised by the assessor not to exceed two minutes.
- d. The assessor may address the rebuttal by the appellant not to exceed two minutes.

Each party shall be allowed a total of five minutes to present evidence and make oral argument. The time limits allotted include presentations from either the appellant's or assessor's authorized representatives, counsels, or witnesses. Additional time may be permitted by the board depending on the complexity of the case. The members of the board may ask questions, through the chairperson, of either the appellant or the assessor, authorized representatives, counsels, or witnesses at any time during the hearing. After both the appellant and the assessor have made their presentations, each may question the other through the chairperson. The chairperson may end the questioning and call for a motion from the other members.

- 7. Witnesses, Exhibits and Other Evidence. The appellant and the assessor may offer the oral testimony of witnesses and documentary evidence during the hearing. At the request of the appellant, evidence submitted pursuant to subsection (E)(5) of this section relating to the assessed valuation of property used in an income-producing commercial enterprise shall be confidential. The assessor and the appellant may stipulate to facts to be presented to the board, provided the assessor has received credible and reliable evidence to establish the facts.
- 412 The only exhibits that shall be admitted into the record at the hearing are those 413 exhibits provided pursuant to subsection (E)(5) of this section. However, at the

414 hearing, parties may use demonstrative or illustrative exhibits: provided, that all 415 such exhibits are duplicates of exhibits or information provided to the board 416 pursuant to subsection (E)(5) of this section. Additionally, witnesses may write 417 on a board while orally testifying to illustrate their testimony. The limitation on 418 the use of exhibits in this section shall not preclude the parties from presenting 419 oral testimony at the hearing.

420 8. Decisions.

421

422

423

424

425

426

427

428

429

430

431

432

433

434

435

436

437

438

439

441

445

446

447

448

- a. The assessor may recommend changes to the existing value during the hearing.
- b. After the appellant and assessor have presented their cases, the hearing shall be closed by the chairperson, and no further evidence shall be offered or considered in deliberations unless a member of the board of equalization asks for additional information from either party. Both parties shall be given an equal opportunity to respond to any such requests for additional information.
- c. The board may decide the appeal after the presentations, or it may defer a decision no later than 30 days after the hearing date. Final board action shall be taken by motions that set out specific findings of fact at the meeting and shall not be reconsidered, amended, or rescinded by the board. Only one motion may be on the floor at a time, and the board shall vote on the motions until its findings are established. The vote must be taken and entered in the permanent record of the proceedings. The motions available for the board are:
  - Motion to uphold the assessor's valuation. i.
- ii. Motion to reduce the assessment. iii. Motion to increase the assessment.
- 440 iv. Motion to dismiss the appeal.
  - Motion to defer the decision. ٧.
- 442 Or any other motion set out in Alaska Statutes and vi. 443 regulations governing board of equalization appeals. 444
  - d. No later than 30 days following the hearing, the board shall render a written decision which includes findings of fact based on evidence presented at the hearing clearly stating the grounds upon which the panel relied to reach its decision and advising all parties of their right to appeal the decision to superior court.
- 449

9. Certification. The board shall certify its actions to the assessor within seven 450 days following its adjournment.

451 Further Appeals. Any appeal of a decision of the board shall be made to the Seuperior F. 452 Ceourt, Third Judicial District, State of Alaska. No appeal of a board's decision to the 453 superior court may be taken unless the action is filed and the borough attorney is served 454 with notice of such appeal within 30 days following the board's written decision. [Ord. 455 FY2014-10 §6, 2014; Ord. FY2012-04 §4, 2011; Ord. FY2011-12 §2, 2011; Ord. 98-03 §2, 456 1998; Ord. 78-21-O §1, 1978. Formerly §3.20.050].

- 458Section 6:Title 3 Revenue and Finance, Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter4593.35.070, Addresses Responsibility of persons subject to taxation, is460hereby amended as follows:
- 461

# 462 **3.35.070 Addresses – Responsibility of persons subject to taxation**

463 It shall be the responsibility of every person who owns or controls real or personal property 464 subject to tax by the municipality to file with the office of the assessor the address where 465 he will receive notices, bills, or other correspondence regarding taxation. No person shall 466 be excused from paying taxes or penalties thereon for the reason that he did not receive a 467 tax notice, bill, or any other correspondence due to an improper mailing of assessment 468 notice, billings, or other correspondence. The owners of mobile homes located within 469 mobile home parks, or on land not owned by the mobile home owner, are not 470 exempted from the requirements of this section, notwithstanding the provisions set 471 forth at section 3.35.040(A)(3). [Ord. FY2014-10 §7, 2014; Ord. 78-21-O §4, 1978. 472 Formerly §3.20.062].

473

474Section 7:Title 3 Revenue and Finance, Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter4753.35.090, Property tax billing, is hereby amended as follows:

476

## 477 3.35.090 Property tax billing

The treasurer finance director, upon receipt of the certified assessment roll and with the millage rate established by the assembly, will cause to produce property tax bills for all property owners of record. These tax bills will be mailed to the most recent address on file. [Ord. FY2014-10 §8, 2014; Ord. 82-7-O, 1982. Formerly §3.20.085].

482

483Section 8:Title 3 Revenue and Finance, Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter4843.35.100, Correction of errors, is hereby amended as follows:

485

500

501

# 486 **3.35.100 Correction of errors**

A. Correction of Error in Billing of Penalty and Interest. When it is shown to the chief
 fiscal officer finance director that a taxpayer has been billed erroneously for tax, tax
 penalty, or interest because of administrative error by the borough, the chief fiscal officer
 finance director may adjust the tax bill accordingly.

B. Correction of Errors in Assessment. The assessor may correct errors or omissions in
the roll before the board of equalization hearing. No changes to the roll can be made once
the board has certified their actions except:

- 4941. The assessor may correct a manifest clerical error in the assessment roll at any495time. A manifest clerical error is a typographical, computational, or other similar496error readily apparent from the assessment notice, tax statement or other497borough tax and assessment records and made by a borough employee in the498performance of typing, record keeping, filing or other similar duties. A manifest499clerical error does not require extrinsic evidence to make it clear.
  - 2. The assessor may correct an omission of the roll as described in KIBC 3.35.060(C) at any time.

502 C. All rights provided by this chapter, including but not limited to rights to appeal and 503 times for making payments, shall be reserved to the person receiving a corrected 504assessment or tax bill as of the time the new assessment or billing is mailed. [Ord.505FY2014-10 §10, 2014; Ord. 82-7-O, 1982; Ord. 78-21-O §3, 1978. Formerly §3.20.086].

506

507Section 9:Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter5083.35.120 Tax due dates and delinquency is hereby amended as follows:

509

#### 510 **3.35.120 Tax due dates and delinquency**

Taxes are due when billed. If payment is by a single payment, such payment must be 511 512 physically received in the borough finance office on or before fifteen day of October in the year in which taxes are levied, or postmarked by the United States Postal Service 513 514 Office (USPOS), not metered machines, prior to midnight on or before October 15<sup>th</sup> by the due date. Taxes levied in any given year may be paid in two equal installments. If the 515 516 taxpayer elects this option, then the first half is delinguent unless it is delivered to 517 physically received by the borough office or postmarked by the USPOS, not metered 518 machines, prior to midnight on or before the fifteenth day of August in the year in which the 519 taxes are levied. The second half of the taxes thus levied is delinquent unless it is 520 delivered to physically received by the borough finance office or postmarked by the 521 USPOS, not metered machines, prior to midnight on or before the fifteenth day of 522 November in the year in which the taxes are levied. If the annual levy is made on or after 523 the first day of June, the borough assembly may by resolution establish a later 524 delinguency date. Taxes normally become delinguent after the dates mentioned in this 525 section. [Ord. 99-02 §2, 1999; Ord. 88-30-O, §2, 1987; Ord. 84-24-O, 1984; Ord. 82-33-O, 526 1982. Formerly §3.20.088].

Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter

3.35.140 Late payments – Penalty and interest is hereby amended as

- 527
- 528

Section 10:

- 529
- 530
- 531

# 532 **3.35.140 Late payments – Penalty and interest**

follows:

533 If the first payment is not paid when due, the entire tax becomes delinquent and subject to 534 a penalty of 10 percent of the entire tax and interest shall accrue on the unpaid principal 535 balance, excluding the penalty, at the rate of 12 percent per year. If the first payment is 536 paid when due but the second payment is not paid when due, the unpaid balance of the 537 tax becomes delinquent and subject to a penalty of 10 percent of the unpaid balance, and 538 interest shall accrue on the unpaid principal balance, excluding the penalty, at the rate of 539 12 percent per year. Partial payments shall be applied first to accrued penalties, then to 540 interest, then to principal. Notwithstanding the acceptance of partial payment, the unpaid 541 balance remains delinguent and the lien therefore enforceable in accordance with law. For the purposes of this section, a payment is paid when due only if it is physically received in 542 543 the borough finance office by the due date or is postmarked by the USPO United States 544 Postal Service, not meterod machines, prior to midnight on or before the due date. 545 Payments received after the due date that bear a postmark generated by a metered 546 machine that is not in the possession and control of the United States Postal 547 Service shall be deemed delinquent. [Ord. 99-02 §2, 1999; Ord. 93-36 §2, 1993; Ord. 548 86-25-O, 1986; Ord. 82-33-O, 1982; Ord. 80-22-O §1, 1980. Formerly §3.20.090]. 549

550Section 11:Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter5513.35.150 Enforcement of tax liens on real property is hereby amended as552follows:

### 554 3.35.150 Enforcement of tax liens on real property

A. Real Property Tax, Lien, Date. Taxes on real property are a prior and paramount lien on the property upon which the taxes are levied. The lien includes any penalty or interest which may accrue from the delinquency date. The lien attaches on the first day of the tax and/or assessment year in which the taxes are levied.

559 If the tax on real property is not paid when due, the assembly borough may enforce a **B**. lien on the tax by the sale of the property assessed after foreclosure in the special 560 561 proceedings provided for by the Alaska Statutes, by order of the superior court of the 562 district where the property assessed is located, , with the exception that delinquent real 563 property taxes for mobile homes that are located on land that is not owned by the 564 mobile home's owner of record may be enforced by a personal action against the 565 delinguent taxpayer brought in the district or superior court, in addition to other 566 remedies available to enforce the lien.

567 C. If the tax on a leasehold interest in a tax exempt property is not paid when due, the 568 borough may enforce the tax by a personal action against the delinquent taxpayer brought 569 in the magistrate or superior court, in addition to other remedies available to enforce the 570 lien. [Ord. 84-1-O §1, 1984; prior code Ch. 3 subch. 1 §9. Formerly §3.20.100].

571

575

553

572Section 12:Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter5733.35.160 Preparation of the foreclosure list. Foreclosure, is hereby574amended as follows:

#### 576 3.35.160 Preparation of the foreclosure list Foreclosure

577 When the assembly elects to proceed under the Alaska Statutes to enforce the lien of 578 taxes against real property, the treasurer shall, within such time as the assembly directs, 579 make up a roll in duplicate of all real property subject to foreclosure. The rolls shall show 580 the name of each person appearing on the latest tax roll as the owner of tax-delinquent 581 property, a description of each property as it appears on the latest tax roll, the year or 582 years for which the taxes are delinguent, the amount of delinguent taxes for each year and 583 penalty and interest thereon accruing the day six months after the day of delinguency of 584 taxes of the latest year. The treasurer shall endorse on the roll a certificate under his hand 585 and the corporate seal that it is a true and correct roll of the delinguent taxes of the 586 borough for the years shown. The roll shall be known as the foreclosure list of the borough 587 for the year in which it is made up, and the original of it shall be filed with the clerk and 588 remain open to inspection by the public. [Ord. 82-7-O, 1982; prior code Ch. 3 subch. 1 589 §10. Formerly §3.20.110].

A. The borough shall prepare an annual foreclosure list pursuant to A.S. 29.45.330.
B. The provisions of A.S. 29.45.330 through 29.45.490 apply to borough delinquent
property tax foreclosures.

593 C. The borough shall not foreclose against property that it knows has been 594 determined by a federal, state or local agency to be contaminated or found to 595 contain hazardous materials subject to regulation by a federal, state or local

596 597	-	The borough may proceed with a personal action against the axpayer to collect the tax, costs, penalty and interest.				
598 599	Section 13:	Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter				
600 601		3.35.170 Publication of the foreclosure list is hereby repealed:				
602	335 170 Dubl	ication of the foreclosure list				
603		After the completion of the foreclosure list, the treasurer shall, under the direction of the				
604	assembly, have published in the official newspaper of the corporation, or in a newspaper					
605	of general circulation in the borough designated by the assembly, a notice under the hand					
606	of the treasurer setting forth the foreclosure list of real property for the year, naming it as					
607	complete and open for public inspection at the office of the clerk, and that on a day certain					
608		30 days after the final publication or posting, where posting is authorized of				
609		of oreclosure list will be presented to the superior court of judgment and order				
610	of same. [Ord. 82-7-O, 1982; prior code Ch. 3 subch. 1 §11. Formerly §3.20.120].					
611		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
612	Section 14:	Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter				
613		3.35.180 <i>Notice of foreclosure proceeding</i> is hereby repealed:				
614						
615	3.35.180 Noti	ce of foreclosure proceeding				
616		day designated in the notice provided herein, a certified copy of the				
617	foreclosure lie	st together with a petition for judgment shall be presented to the superior				
618		of the foreclosure proceedings shall be given by four weekly publications of				
619	the foreclosur	e list in a newspaper of general circulation in the borough designated by the				
620	assembly. The	e first publication shall be made on the day of the filing of the list and petition.				
621	The price cha	rged by the newspaper shall be at the rate provided by law. The publication				
622	of the forecle	osure list is sufficient service on each person having an interest in the				
623	property. The	treasurer shall, within 10 days after the first date of publication, mail to each				
624	person to whom a tract is assessed, at his last known address, a notice describing the					
625	property and t	he amount due as stated on the foreclosure list.				
626	B. In the ev	vent there is no newspaper being published in the borough, the assembly				
627	may, instead	of publication in the newspaper, post the notice and foreclosure list at the				
628	front door of t	he post office and three other conspicuous public places within the borough.				
629	The posting of	of the foreclosure list is sufficient service on each person interested in the				
630	property. How	vever, if the notice is posted, the treasurer shall, within 10 days after the				
631	posting, mail to each person to whom a tract is assessed, at his last known address, a					
632	notice describing the property and the amount due as stated on the foreclosure list.					
633	C. All persons owning or claiming interest in property included in the foreclosure list are					
634	charged with notice of the proceedings and of all steps thereunder. [Ord. 82-7-0, 1982;					
635	prior code Ch	. 3 subch. 1 §12. Formerly §3.20.130].				
636						
637	Section 15:	Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter				
638		3.35.190 Clearing delinquencies before sale is hereby repealed:				
639						
640	0 0E 100 Clas	ning deligenterties before sele				

640 3.35.190 Clearing delinquencies before sale

641 A. If the treasurer receives delinquent tax payments at least one week before the filing of the foreclosure list and petition, the treasurer shall remove the property from both the list 642 643 and the petition. 644 B. During the publication or posting of the foreclosure list and up to the time of sale, a 645 person may pay the taxes, together with the penalty and interest, and a propertionate 646 share of the costs of publication and foreclosure. The treasurer shall make a notation of 647 the payment on both the original delinguent tax roll and foreclosure list. [Ord. 82.7-O. 648 1982; prior code Ch. 3 subch. 1 §13. Formerly §3.20.140].

- 649
- 650 651

652

Section 16: Title 3 *Revenue and Finance* Chapter 3.35 *Real Property Tax* and Chapter 3.35.200 *Notice of foreclosure list to lien holder* is hereby repealed:

#### 653 3.35.200 Notice of foreclosure list to lien holder

A. A holder of a mortgage or other recorded lien on real property may file with the treasurer a request that notice of a foreclosure list which includes the real property in which he has a lien be given to him. The request shall contain the name and address of the person filing it, the description of the property, the name of the owner, and the date of expiration of the lien. Notice need not be given after expiration of the lien unless a further request for notice is filed. If the lien holder furnishes a duplicate of his request for notice, the treasurer shall certify on it to the filing and return it to the person making the request.

B. Whenever property described in the request for notice is included in a foreclosure list, the treasurer shall send written notice by registered mail to the lien holder. At the time of mailing the notice, the treasurer shall note that fact in ink in the latest tax roll opposite the description of the property. The notation in the tax roll is prima facie evidence that the notice was mailed. Where the same lien holder has filed requests for notice on two or more properties included in a foreclosure list, one notice may be mailed covering all properties. [Ord. 82-7-0, 1982; prior code Ch. 3 subch. 1 §14. Formerly §3.20.150].

669Section 17:Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter6703.35.210 Apportionment of costs is hereby repealed:

#### 672 3.35.210 Apportionment of costs

673 A foreclosure and publication fee, as set by resolution of the assembly, will be added to 674 each property on the foreclosure list. The intent of this fee is to cover all costs of 675 publication and foreclosure. [Ord. 93-36 §3, 1993; Prior code Ch. 3 subch. 1 §15. Formerly 676 §3.20.160].

677 678

680

668

671

678Section 18:Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter6793.35.220 Enforcement by personal action is hereby repealed:

## 681 3.35.220 Enforcement by personal action

682 A. The manager may, at any time prior to execution of deed to berough, remove property 683 from the foreclosure list when the financial benefits of foreclosure are exceeded by the 684 cests of foreclosure and the liabilities of the ownership of the property involved. The 685 borough shall thereafter collect any real property taxes due, plus penalties, costs and 686 interest, by a personal action against the landowner.

687 B. The title to any property which is removed from the foreclosure list after a decree of 688 foreclosure has been entered shall revert to the parties entitled thereto. [Ord. 98-03 §2, 689 1998; Ord. 90-38 §2, 1990. Formerly §3.20.165]. 690 691 Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter Section 19: 692 3.35.230 Foreclosure proceedings is hereby repealed: 693 694 3.35.230 Foreclosure proceedings 695 The berough shall bring one general proceeding to foreclose the tax liens against each of 696 the properties included in the foreclosure list. The person whose name appears in the 697 latest tax roll as the owner of a property described shall be considered the owner of the 698 property. 699 700 On the day of the first publication, a certified copy of the foreclosure list shall be presented 701 to the superior court, together with a petition praying for a judgment and decree 702 foreclosing the tax liens. The foreclosure proceedings for the enforcement of tax liens on 703 real property shall comply with the provisions of Alaska laws presently in force or as 704 amended. 705 706 All real properties sold to the borough under the provisions of the Alaska Statutes shall be 707 held by the borough for one year from the date of judgment and decree of foreclosure, 708 unless sooner redeemed. During the one-year period, a person having an interest in the 709 property at the date of the judgment and decree of foreclosure, or any heir or devisee of 710 such person or a person holding a lien of record on the property, or an independent school 711 district or public utility district having a lien on the property may redeem the property by 712 paying the amount applicable under the judgment and decree with interest as provided by 713 law, and the costs charged against the property. Property redeemed is subject to 714 assessment for taxation during the period of redemption as though it has continued in 715 private ownership. A person holding a mortgage or other lion of record, covering a part 716 only of a parcel of real property included in judgment and decree of foreclosure, may 717 redeem that part by paying the proportionate amount applicable under the judgment and 718 decree. [Prior code Ch. 3 subch. 1 §16. Formerly §3.20.170]. 719 720 Section 20: Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter 721 3.35.240 Effect of redemption is hereby repealed: 722 723 3.35.240 Effect of redemption 724 The receipt of the redemption money by the treasurer operates to release all claims of the 725 borough under the judgment of foreclosure to the property redeemed. The treasurer, on 726 receipt of the redemption money, shall immediately make the proper increase in the 727 records of his office showing that the property has been redeemed from the sale of the 728 borough, and he shall deliver to the person redeeming the property a certificate of 729 redemption. The certificate shall contain a description of the property redeemed, the total 730 amount paid, and the date of entry of the judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale. 731 The certificate shall be signed by the treasurer and shall be filed by the redemptioner with 732 the recorder who, on payment of the recording fee, shall enter the certificate in the proper

733	records of his office. The clerk of the court shall then file the certificate of redemption as				
734	part of the judgment roll in the foreclosure proceedings. [Ord. 82-7-O, 1982; prior code Ch.				
735	3 subch. 1 §17. Formerly §3.20.180].				
736					
737	Section 21:	Title 3 Revenue and Finance Chapter 3.35 Real Property Tax and Chapter			
738		3.35.250 Notice of expiration of redemption is hereby repealed:			
739					
740	3.35.250 Notice of expiration of redemption				
741	Not earlier than 30 days before the expiration of the redemption period, the treasurer shall				
742	publish a redemption period expiration notice. The notice shall contain the date of				
743	judgment, the date of expiration of the period of redemption and a warning to the effect				
744	that all properties ordered sold under the judgment, unless redeemed, shall be deeded to				
745	the borough immediately on expiration of the period of redemption and that every right or				
746	interest of any person in the properties shall be forfeited forever to the borough. The notice				
747	shall be publ	ished once a week for four consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general			
748	circulation distributed within the borough. The treasurer shall send a copy of the published				
749	notice by certified mail to each record owner of property against whom a judgment of				
750	foreclosure has been taken. The notice will be mailed within five days of first publication to				
751	the last address of record of the property owner. The right of redemption expires 30 days				
752	after the date of first publication of the notice. [Ord. 82-7-0, 1982; Ord. 74-11-O §1, 1974				
753	prior code Ch. 3 subch. 1 §18. Formerly §3.20.190].				

754

755 756

757

764 765

766 767

768

769 770

771 772 Section 22: Title 3 *Revenue and Finance* Chapter 3.35 *Real Property Tax* and Chapter 3.35.260 *Deed to borough* is hereby repealed:

#### 758 3.35.260 Deed to borough

759 Upon filing proof of publication of notice of expiration of redemption, the properties not redeemed within the one-year period shall be deeded to the berough by the clerk of the court. All rights of redemption terminate on the execution of the deed to the borough. No return of confirmation of the sale or of the deed to the borough is necessary. [Prior code 763 Ch. 3 subch. 1 §19. Formerly §3.20.200].

Section 23: This ordinance will take effect upon adoption.

# ADOPTED BY THE ASSEMBLY OF THE KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH THIS FOURTH DAY OF JUNE, 2015

KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH

perrol Friend, Borough Mayor

773 774 ATTEST:

775 776 777 Nova M. Javier, MMC, Borough Clerk 778